Title of Instructional Materials: Cord Geometry

Grade Level: Geometry

Summary of Cord Geometry

Weak (1-2)Moderate (2-3)Strong (3-4)	Important Mathematical Ideas:	Weak (1-2)Moderate (2-3)Strong (3-4)
s, with numerous real-world es. Lack of proofs and some ks. Above-average text.	Summary / Justification / Evide Most of the ideas are there, althou standard elements appear to be m Mathematical Relationships:	gh some of the specific proofs and issing or vague. Weak (1-2)
Strong (3-4) nce: ially applications, but not many	Summary / Justification / Evide Concepts are related to each other constantly being applied to real-w	in a very clear way, and are
	Moderate (2-3) Strong (3-4) nce: as, with numerous real-world es. Lack of proofs and some ks. Above-average text. Weak (1-2) Moderate (2-3)	Moderate (2-3) Strong (3-4) nce: ss, with numerous real-world es. Lack of proofs and some ks. Above-average text. Weak (1-2) Moderate (2-3) Strong (3-4) Mathematical Relationships: Summary / Justification / Evide Most of the ideas are there, althou standard elements appear to be m Mathematical Relationships: Summary / Justification / Evide Concepts are related to each other

1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.			
Mathematically proficient students start by explaining to themselves the mea	aning of a problem and looking for entry points to its solution. They analyze		
givens, constraints, relationships, and goals. They make conjectures about th	e form and meaning of the solution and plan a solution pathway rather than		
simply jumping into a solution attempt. They consider analogous problems, and try special cases and simpler forms of the original problem in order to			
gain insight into its solution. They monitor and evaluate their progress and change course if necessary. Older students might, depending on the context			
the problem, transform algebraic expressions or change the viewing window on their graphing calculator to get the information they need.			
Mathematically proficient students can explain correspondences between equations, verbal descriptions, tables, and graphs or draw diagrams of			
important features and relationships, graph data, and search for regularity or trends. Younger students might rely on using concrete objects or pictures			
help conceptualize and solve a problem. Mathematically proficient students check their answers to problems using a different method, and they			
continually ask themselves, "Does this make sense?" They can understand the approaches of others to solving complex problems and identify			
correspondences between different approaches.			
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing		
	or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):		
Summary / Justification / Evidence:			
,	Overall Rating : $\Box 1 \Box 2 \boxtimes 3 \Box 4$		

2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.		
Mathematically proficient students make sense of quantities and their relationships in problem situations. They bring two complementary abilities to		
bear on problems involving quantitative relationships: the ability to <i>decontextualize</i> —to abstract a given situation and represent it symbolically and		
manipulate the representing symbols as if they have a life of their own, without necessarily attending to their referents—and the ability to contextualize		
to pause as needed during the manipulation process in order to probe into the	ne referents for the symbols involved. Quantitative reasoning entails habits o	
creating a coherent representation of the problem at hand; considering the units involved; attending to the meaning of quantities, not just how to		
compute them; and knowing and flexibly using different properties of operat	tions and objects.	
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed: Or not well developed in the instructional materials		
Summary / Justification / Evidence:	Overall Rating:	

3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of other	rs.	
Mathematically proficient students understand and use stated assumptions,	definitions, and previously established results in constructing arguments.	
They make conjectures and build a logical progression of statements to explo	ore the truth of their conjectures. They are able to analyze situations by	
breaking them into cases, and can recognize and use counterexamples. They justify their conclusions, communicate them to others, and respond to the		
arguments of others. They reason inductively about data, making plausible arguments that take into account the context from which the data arose.		
Mathematically proficient students are also able to compare the effectiveness of two plausible arguments, distinguish correct logic or reasoning from the		
which is flawed, and—if there is a flaw in an argument—explain what it is. Elementary students can construct arguments using concrete referents such		
objects, drawings, diagrams, and actions. Such arguments can make sense and be correct, even though they are not generalized or made formal until late		
grades. Later, students learn to determine domains to which an argument applies. Students at all grades can listen or read the arguments of others, decidents		
whether they make sense, and ask useful questions to clarify or improve the		
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed: Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing		
or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any)		
Summary / Justification / Evidence:		
	Overall Rating : $\Box 1 \Box 2 \boxtimes 3 \Box 4$	
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4. Model with mathematics.			
Mathematically proficient students can apply the mathematics they know to solve problems arising in everyday life, society, and the workplace. In early			
grades, this might be as simple as writing an addition equation to describe a situation. In middle grades, a student might apply proportional reasoning to			
plan a school event or analyze a problem in the community. By high school, a student might use geometry to solve a design problem or use a function to			
describe how one quantity of interest depends on another. Mathematically proficient students who can apply what they know are comfortable making			
assumptions and approximations to simplify a complicated situation, realizing that these may need revision later. They are able to identify important			
quantities in a practical situation and map their relationships using such tools as diagrams, two-way tables, graphs, flowcharts and formulas. They can			
analyze those relationships mathematically to draw conclusions. They routinely interpret their mathematical results in the context of the situation and			
reflect on whether the results make sense, possibly improving the model if it has not served its purpose.			
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):		
Summary / Justification / Evidence:	Overall Rating:		

5. Use appropriate tools strategically.			
Mathematically proficient students consider the available tools when solving a mathematical problem. These tools might include pencil and paper,			
concrete models, a ruler, a protractor, a calculator, a spreadsheet, a computer algebra system, a statistical package, or dynamic geometry software.			
Proficient students are sufficiently familiar with tools appropriate for their grade or course to make sound decisions about when each of these tools			
might be helpful, recognizing both the insight to be gained and their limitations. For example, mathematically proficient high school students analyze			
graphs of functions and solutions generated using a graphing calculator. They detect possible errors by strategically using estimation and other			
mathematical knowledge. When making mathematical models, they know that technology can enable them to visualize the results of varying			
assumptions, explore consequences, and compare predictions with data. Mathematically proficient students at various grade levels are able to identify			
relevant external mathematical resources, such as digital content located on a website, and use them to pose or solve problems. They are able to use			
technological tools to explore and deepen their understanding of concepts.			
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed: Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing			
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	of not wen developed in the mistractional materials (if any).		
Summary / Justification / Evidence:			
	Overall Rating : $\Box 1 \Box 2 \boxtimes 3 \Box 4$		
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6. Attend to precision.		
Mathematically proficient students try to communicate precisely to others. They try to use clear definitions in discussion with others and in their own		
reasoning. They state the meaning of the symbols they choose, including using the equal sign consistently and appropriately. They are careful about		
specifying units of measure, and labeling axes to clarify the correspondence with quantities in a problem. They calculate accurately and efficiently,		
express numerical answers with a degree of precision appropriate for the problem context. In the elementary grades, students give carefully formulated		
explanations to each other. By the time they reach high school they have learned to examine claims and make explicit use of definitions.		
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing	
	or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	
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	or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	
Summary / Justification / Evidence:	or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	
Summary / Justification / Evidence:		
Summary / Justification / Evidence:	Overall Rating:	

7. Look for and make use of structure.		
Mathematically proficient students look closely to discern a pattern or struct	cure. Young students, for example, might notice that three and seven more is	
the same amount as seven and three more, or they may sort a collection of shapes according to how many sides the shapes have. Later, students will see		
$^{\circ}$ — 8 equals the well-remembered 7 $^{\circ}$ — 5 + 7 $^{\circ}$ — 3, in preparation for learning about the distributive property. In the expression x^2 + 9 x + 14, older		
students can see the 14 as 2 °— 7 and the 9 as 2 + 7. They recognize the significance of an existing line in a geometric figure and can use the strategy of		
drawing an auxiliary line for solving problems. They also can step back for an overview and shift perspective. They can see complicated things, such as		
some algebraic expressions, as single objects or as being composed of several objects. For example, they can see $5 - 3(x - y)2$ as 5 minus a positive		
number times a square and use that to realize that its value cannot be more than 5 for any real numbers x and y.		
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed: Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are mis		
	or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	
Summary / Justification / Evidence:		
	Overall Rating : $\Box 1 \Box 2 \boxtimes 3 \Box 4$	

8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.		
Mathematically proficient students notice if calculations are repeated, and look both for general methods and for shortcuts. Upper elementary students		
might notice when dividing 25 by 11 that they are repeating the same calculations over and over again, and conclude they have a repeating decimal. By		
paying attention to the calculation of slope as they repeatedly check whether points are on the line through (1, 2) with slope 3, middle school students		
might abstract the equation $(y-2)/(x-1) = 3$. Noticing the regularity in the way terms cancel when expanding $(x-1)(x+1)$, $(x-1)(x^2+x+1)$, and $(x-1)(x^2+x+1)$		
$1)(x^3 + x^2 + x + 1)$ might lead them to the general formula for the sum of a geometric series. As they work to solve a problem, mathematically proficient		
students maintain oversight of the process, while attending to the details. They continually evaluate the reasonableness of their intermediate results.		
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing	
	or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any)	
Summary / Justification / Evidence:		
Jummary / justification / Evidence.	Overall Rating : $\Box 1 \Box 2 \boxtimes 3 \Box 4$	
	Over all Nating.	

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.	
Standard: G.CO.1 Know precise definitions of angle, circle, perpendicular line, parallel line, and line segment, based on the undefined notions of point, line, distance along a line, and distance around a circular arc.	Important Mathematical Ideas:	
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any): Circle not defined	Summary / Justification / Evidence:	
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:	

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and		
Congruence	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.		
Standard: G.CO.2	Important Mathematical Ideas:		
	Mathematical Relationships: ☐1 ☐2 ☐3 ☐4		
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:		
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:			
	Overall Rating : □1 □2 □3 □4		

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and	
Congruence	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.	
Standard: G.CO.3	Important Mathematical Ideas: Skills and Procedures:	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	Mathematical Relationships:	<u> </u>
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Eviden	ice:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:	□1 □2 ⊠3 □4

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Congruence	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.CO.4	Important Mathematical Ideas:
	Mathematical Relationships:124
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Congruence	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.CO.5	Important Mathematical Ideas:
	Skills and Procedures:1234
	Mathematical Relationships:
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	
	Overall Rating : □1 □2 □3 □4

Domain:	Summary and documentation of	how the domain, cluster, and
Congruence	standard are met. Cite examples	from the materials.
Standard: G.CO.6	Important Mathematical Ideas:	
	Skills and Procedures:	
	Mathematical Relationships:	□1 □2 □3 □4
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing	Summary / Justification / Evider	nce:
or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):		
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:		
	Overall Rating:	<u> </u>

Domain:	Summary and documentation of	how the domain, cluster, and
Congruence	standard are met. Cite examples	from the materials.
Standard: G.CO.7	Important Mathematical Ideas: Skills and Procedures:	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	Mathematical Relationships:	<u> </u>
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Eviden	ce:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:	□1 □2 □3 □4

Domain:	Summary and documentation of	how the domain, cluster, and
Congruence	standard are met. Cite examples	from the materials.
Standard: G.CO.8	Important Mathematical Ideas: Skills and Procedures:	□1 □2 □3 ⊠4 □1 □2 □3 ⊠4
	Mathematical Relationships:	\square 1 \square 2 \square 3 \boxtimes 4
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Eviden	nce:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:	

Domain:	Summary and documentation of	how the domain, cluster, and
Congruence	standard are met. Cite examples	from the materials.
Standard:	Important Mathematical Ideas:	\square_1 \boxtimes_2 \square_3 \square_4
G.CO.9	Skills and Procedures:	
	Mathematical Relationships:	<u>□</u> 1 <u>⊠</u> 2 <u>□</u> 3 <u>□</u> 4
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any): Limited proofs	Summary / Justification / Evider	ice:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:	□1

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, ar	nd
Congruence	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.	
Standard: G.CO.10	Important Mathematical Ideas: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\boxtimes 4$ Skills and Procedures: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\boxtimes 4$ Mathematical Relationships: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\boxtimes 4$	
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:	
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:	

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Congruence	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.CO.11	Important Mathematical Ideas:
	Mathematical Relationships:124
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	
	Overall Rating : $\Box 1 \Box 2 \boxtimes 3 \Box 4$

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Congruence	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.CO.12	Important Mathematical Ideas:
	Mathematical Relationships:1234
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	
	Overall Rating : $\Box 1 \Box 2 \Box 3 \boxtimes 4$

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Congruence	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.CO.13	Important Mathematical Ideas:
	Mathematical Relationships: \(\sqrt{1} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{3} \sqrt{4}
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	
	Overall Rating: \int 1 2 3 4

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Similarity, Right Triangles, and Trigonometry	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.SRT.1a	Important Mathematical Ideas:
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Similarity, Right Triangles, and Trigonometry	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.SRT.1b	Important Mathematical Ideas: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Skills and Procedures: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Mathematical Relationships: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Similarity, Right Triangles, and Trigonometry	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.SRT.2	Important Mathematical Ideas:
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	
	Overall Rating :

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Similarity, Right Triangles, and Trigonometry	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.SRT.3	Important Mathematical Ideas: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Skills and Procedures: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Mathematical Relationships: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Similarity, Right Triangles, and Trigonometry	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.SRT.4	Important Mathematical Ideas: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Skills and Procedures: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Mathematical Relationships: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Similarity, Right Triangles, and Trigonometry	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.SRT.5	Important Mathematical Ideas:
	Mathematical Relationships: ☐1 ☐2 ☐3 ☐4
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	
	Overall Rating: 1 1 2 3 4

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Similarity, Right Triangles, and Trigonometry	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.SRT.6	Important Mathematical Ideas:
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Orongell Baking
	Overall Rating :

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Similarity, Right Triangles, and Trigonometry	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.SRT.7	Important Mathematical Ideas: $\Box 1$ $\boxtimes 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Skills and Procedures: $\Box 1$ $\boxtimes 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Mathematical Relationships: $\Box 1$ $\boxtimes 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Similarity, Right Triangles, and Trigonometry	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.SRT.8	Important Mathematical Ideas: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Skills and Procedures: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Mathematical Relationships: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Similarity, Right Triangles, and Trigonometry	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.SRT.9(+)	Important Mathematical Ideas:
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Similarity, Right Triangles, and Trigonometry	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.SRT.10(+)	Important Mathematical Ideas: \[\begin{aligned}
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Similarity, Right Triangles, and Trigonometry	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.SRT.11(+)	Important Mathematical Ideas:
	Skills and Procedures: $\square 1 \square 2 \square 3 \square 4$
	Mathematical Relationships:
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
<pre>Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:</pre>	
	Overall Rating:

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Circles	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard:	
C C 1	Important Mathematical Ideas: \(\sum 1 \sum 2 \sum 3 \sum 4
G.C.1	Skills and Procedures: \Bigsilon 1 \Bigsilon 2 \Bigsilon 3 \Bigsilon 4
	Mathematical Relationships: $\square 1$ $\square 2$ $\square 3$ $\square 4$
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	
	Overall Rating : $\square 1 \square 2 \square 3 \square 4$

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Circles	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.C.2	Important Mathematical Ideas:
	Mathematical Relationships:1234
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	
	Overall Rating : $\Box 1 \Box 2 \Box 3 \boxtimes 4$

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Circles	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard:	
	Important Mathematical Ideas: 🔲1 🔲2 🔲3 🔲4
G.C.3	
	Skills and Procedures: $\square 1$ $\square 2$ $\square 3$ $\square 4$
	Mathematical Relationships: □2 □3 □4
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	
	Overall Rating : $\square 1 \square 2 \square 3 \square 4$

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Circles	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.C.4(+)	Important Mathematical Ideas:
	Mathematical Relationships: $\square 1$ $\square 2$ $\square 3$ $\square 4$
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating: \\ \Boxed{1} \boxed{1} 2 \boxed{3} \boxed{4}

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Circles	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard:	Important Mathematical Ideas: 🖂1 🖂2 🖂3 🖂4
G.C.5	Skills and Procedures:
	Mathematical Relationships: \(\sum 1 \sum 2 \sum 3 \sum 4 \)
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	
	Overall Rating : $\square 1 \square 2 \square 3 \square 4$

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Expressing Geometric Properties with Equations	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.GPE.1	Important Mathematical Ideas: \(\times 1 \) \(\times 2 \) \(\times 3 \) \(\times 4 \) Skills and Procedures: \(\times 1 \) \(\times 2 \) \(\times 3 \) \(\times 4 \) Mathematical Polationshing: \(\times 1 \) \(\times 2 \) \(\times 2 \) \(\times 2 \)
	Mathematical Relationships: \(\sum 1 \sum 2 \sum 3 \sum 4 \)
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	
	Overall Rating: \int 1 2 3 4

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Expressing Geometric Properties with Equations	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.GPE.2	Important Mathematical Ideas: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Skills and Procedures: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Mathematical Relationships: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Expressing Geometric Properties with Equations	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.GPE.4	Important Mathematical Ideas:
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Expressing Geometric Properties with Equations	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.GPE.5	Important Mathematical Ideas:
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Expressing Geometric Properties with Equations	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.GPE.6	Important Mathematical Ideas: \(\textstyle 1 \) \(\textstyle 2 \) \(\textstyle 3 \) \(\textstyle 4 \) Skills and Procedures: \(\textstyle 1 \) \(\textstyle 2 \) \(\textstyle 3 \) \(\textstyle 4 \) Mathematical Relationships: \(\textstyle 1 \) \(\textstyle 2 \) \(\textstyle 3 \) \(\textstyle 4 \)
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justincation / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	
	Overall Rating: \int 1 2 3 4

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Expressing Geometric Properties with Equations	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.GPE.7	Important Mathematical Ideas: \square 1 \square 2 \square 3 \square 4 Skills and Procedures: \square 1 \square 2 \square 3 \square 4 Mathematical Relationships: \square 1 \square 2 \square 3 \square 4
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating: \\ \Boxed{1} \Boxed{1} \Boxed{3} \Boxed{4}

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Geometric Measurement and Dimension	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.GMD.1	Important Mathematical Ideas: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Skills and Procedures: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Mathematical Relationships: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Geometric Measurement and Dimension	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.GMD.3	Important Mathematical Ideas: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Skills and Procedures: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Mathematical Relationships: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Geometric Measurement and Dimension	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.GMD.4	Important Mathematical Ideas: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Skills and Procedures: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Mathematical Relationships: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Modeling with Geometry	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.MG.1	Important Mathematical Ideas:
	Mathematical Relationships:1234
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	
	Overall Rating : $\Box 1 \Box 2 \Box 3 \boxtimes 4$

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Modeling with Geometry	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.MG.2	Important Mathematical Ideas:
	Mathematical Relationships:1234
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	
	Overall Rating : $\square 1 \square 2 \square 3 \square 4$

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Modeling with Geometry	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: G.MG.3	Important Mathematical Ideas: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Skills and Procedures: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Mathematical Relationships: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	
	Overall Rating : $\Box 1 \Box 2 \Box 3 \boxtimes 4$

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Conditional Probability and the Rules of Probability	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: S.CP.1	Important Mathematical Ideas:
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating: 1 2 3 4

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Conditional Probability and the Rules of Probability	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: S.CP.2	Important Mathematical Ideas:
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Conditional Probability and the Rules of Probability	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: S.CP.3	Important Mathematical Ideas:
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating: \\ \Boxed{1} \boxed{1} \Boxed{2} \Boxed{3} \Boxed{4}

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Conditional Probability and the Rules of Probability	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: S.CP.4	Important Mathematical Ideas: $\Box 1$ $\boxtimes 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Skills and Procedures: $\Box 1$ $\boxtimes 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Mathematical Relationships: $\Box 1$ $\boxtimes 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Conditional Probability and the Rules of Probability	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard:	
	Important Mathematical Ideas: 🖂1 🖂2 🖂3 ຝ4
S.CP.5	Skills and Procedures: \begin{aligned} \Boxed{1} & \Boxed{2} & \Boxed{3} & \Boxed{4} \end{aligned}
	Mathematical Relationships: $\square 1$ $\square 2$ $\square 3$ $\square 4$
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	
	Overall Rating: \int 1 2 3 4

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Conditional Probability and the Rules of Probability	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: S.CP.6	Important Mathematical Ideas: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Skills and Procedures: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Mathematical Relationships: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Conditional Probability and the Rules of Probability	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: S.CP.7	Important Mathematical Ideas: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Skills and Procedures: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Mathematical Relationships: $\Box 1$ $\Box 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justineucion / Evidence.
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	
	Overall Rating : $\square 1 \square 2 \square 3 \boxtimes 4$

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Conditional Probability and the Rules of Probability	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: S.CP.8(+)	Important Mathematical Ideas:
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Conditional Probability and the Rules of Probability	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: S.CP.9(+)	Important Mathematical Ideas:
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating:

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Using Probability to Make Decisions	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: S.MD.6(+)	Important Mathematical Ideas: $\Box 1$ $\boxtimes 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Skills and Procedures: $\Box 1$ $\boxtimes 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$ Mathematical Relationships: $\Box 1$ $\boxtimes 2$ $\Box 3$ $\Box 4$
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	Overall Rating: \Bigcap 1 \Bigcap 2 \Bigcap 3 \Bigcap 4

Domain:	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and
Using Probability to Make Decisions	standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
Standard: S.MD.7(+)	Important Mathematical Ideas:
	Mathematical Relationships: $\square 1$ $\square 2$ $\square 3$ $\square 4$
Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	Summary / Justification / Evidence:
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed:	
	Overall Rating: \int 1 2 3 4

Geometry Textbook Evaluation Rubric Grades for CORD GEOMETRY

Standards for Mathematical Practice

Standard	Chapter/Section/Page	Summary/Justification/Evidence	Missing/undeveloped	Rating
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	MATH LABS MATI + APPOS 12.7	PROUPS - DEPPER (NT APPROACHE) ACTEMPTES - CONSTERNES DRAW DIAGRAMS	PRUOPS NOTAFOCUS STUDENTS RARGEY "TUENGO LOSSO"	3
2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.		ABSTRACHT PROTES ON ANTENNAN - ACTENTION TO INVESTED ATE	NOT MUCH Gypters Fem Stusters	3
3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.		PROOPS	CRETEGUE RUASINEM OF OTHERS	3
4. Model with mathematics.	MATTHAPPS	MATIL APPS	SGRANATE FROM LESSONS	4
5. Use appropriate tools strategically.		Construction)	MINIMAR TECHNOLOGI	3
6. Attend to precision.		CONSTRUCTIONS, RUNDENC PROOFS		9
7. Look for and make use of structure.		PROOFS ACTIVITIES	Spoon-FGO	3
8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.		PROOFS ACTIVITIES	OVERSTEHS OF PROC.	, 3

Geometry Standards

#	Chapter/Section/Page	Ideas	Skills	Relat	Summary/Justification/Evidence	Missing/undeveloped	Rating
G-CO.1	1.1-1.3,1.5	3	3	4	Most ATTENTION ON 11, 1	CIRCLE NOT DEFINES	3
G-CO.2	11.5 (+11,-11.4)	3	3	4	CONSTRUCTIONS + COORDEATES	COMPARC TO OFISTERS	3
G-CO.3	11.1,11.3	2	3	2	VERY PLAT	APPLICATIONS	2
G-CO.4	141-11-3	3	3	3	ONE LESSEN FUR GACH	CIRCLES?	3
G-CO.5	11.1-11.5	4	4	4	Some Interesta & Americation 1		4
G-CO.6	144-115	2	2	2	- NOT MUCH PRODUTERE	95420€ IF ==	2
G-CO.7	3.4	4	4	4	ACTIVITY 1-RECEDITION		4
G-CO.8	3.7,3.5	4	4	4	ACTUITIE		4
G-CO.9	2,7,2,8	2	2	2	PROOFS THAT ARE HORE AREGOED	VAT, AIA, AGA, CIA	2
G-CO.10	3,1-3.3, 3.7, 3.8	4	4	4	VARGETY OF APPROACHES TOPRIOF		4
G-CO.11	6.7,6.5	.4	2	2	Most Hims. Monterey Nor Paul on	Acowa Procos	2
G-CO.12	1.4 & MARY LAGS	4	4	4	BOOK & BASED ON CONSMERCTEDS		4
G-CO.13	Sup. Au. 1.4	1	/	1	Plan Is Marc	0674225	/
G-SRT.1a	11.7	3	3	3	A07.2		3
G-SRT.1b	11.7	Z	3	3	Ex. 2+ Aq. 1	5.F.>1, <100 ENC./200.	3
G-SRT.2	4,2,43	3	3	3	Act.1	TRANSFORM ATTOMS	3
G-SRT.3	4,2	ą	3	2	Act-3- Investigate AA	TRANSFORMATIONS?	2

#	Chapter/Section/Page	Ideas	Skills	Relat	Summary/Justification/Evidence	Missing/undeveloped	Rating
G-SRT.4	4.3,4.5,5.2	2	2	2	4.36x.3,5.2.A9.2	Prives	2
G-SRT.5	13,631-3.81 41-25	ÿ	3	ÿ	An-EuropasiEn6	STUDENT PROCES	93
G-SRT.6	5,3-575	3	4	3	30-61-99, 45-75-90	SIMFIAR C	3
G-SRT.7	5-5	2	2	2	CRETTER THIMEN, PS. 295	BALGER MENTENER	2
G-SRT.8	5-2-5-5	ч	9	y	Spory Proscens		4
G-SRT.9	5.6	3	3	4	Across	BACG-BONGS	3
G-SRT.10	5.6	1	3	/	MUSTER STRATEGITH FURNAGE PRINS.	PROOFS	Q
G-SRT.11	5.6	之	2	2	Fow Gr., 2 PROBLEMS	Nor Much Horac	2
G-C.1	5409 Acr 5			1	PLANTS THERE	DOTALLS	/
G-C.2	9.2-9.4	ij	ij	4	9.94-01.2-		4
G-C.3	9.3-9.5		1	į	I DON T SEE IT (OPRXY)		1
G-C.4	9,2				[1		/
G-C.5	4.3	İ	2	4	Ex. 9 + Assess #9	SINIVARTY	/
G-GPE.1	9.1	ſ	2	-	DERENT BY DISTANCE FURNILA	Pynias, Compare Sa.	1
G-GPE.2	Supp 25a, pg.420	2	3	3	REAG. BOTHER FOUND PORR + EX.	DENENO	3
G-GPE.4	7.5, 9.1	2/	4	4	VARIETY	LEMPSON TO 2 LESSONS?	4
G-GPE.5	7.4	〕	3	3	PRUTY STRATE HTTORWARD	PROOF	3
G-GPE.6	7.1	***************************************		-	MINVE-F	"GOVERATE"	(
G-GPE.7	7.1, 7.5		1	1	DISTANCE FORM MLA, POLOF A	ARGAS ODITION PERZ	
G-GMD.1	8.5,10.4,10.6,100	4	4	7	AMERICO		9

#	Chapter/Section/Page	Ideas	Skills	Relat	Summary/Justification/Evidence	Missing/undeveloped	Rating
G-GMD.3	10.1,6,7	4	7	Ý	STURM PROBLEMS		4
G-GMD.4	10,9	3	2	2	Lors OF Cass - Secretors	ROTATIONS	2
G-MG.1	1221,-10.9, MATHAPPS	4	4	4	SLEMS LIKE A Four OF Apps		4
G-MG.2	Sup. 10.8a	4	2	4	TRONOUGH LESSON	PRACTICE PROBLEM	?
G-MG.3	MATH APPS	4	4	4	WIDG VARECTY		4
S-CP.1	Supp. 12.1-2	Z	3	3	Anguana	Subser, UNION, a	3
S-CP.2	12.3	3	3	3	Trasperantale Covers	Stephen Des	3
S-CP.3	12.4	Z (2	ſ	Cons. PAUS DUFFERIN	No Cons Ges For 70 Ino.	1
S-CP.4	17.4	2	2	2	FIND - PRIS. FRIM 2-WATERSLO	5; consonar 1 (14W)	2
S-CP.5	12.4	i	}	1	For Conglass ILEGG	CUNNECTION, IND.	/
S-CP.6	12,7	3	-3	3	FROM TABLE & In 1th	NUT REALLY DESENSOTHATE	. 3
S-CP.7	12.4	4	4	4	CONTRASTED W/ MU MANT EXCLUSIVE		4
S-CP.8	(2.)	Ч	y	4	Darway vsco	untimen?	4
S-CP.9	17.5,12.6	4	ч	ч	DEPENDS COMMISTER		4
S-MD.6	12.7	2	2	2	/ Gx2	No HW, Romo # 600	2
S-MD.7	12.7	1	1	1	No Rom Avanga and	No Ha	/

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Title of Instructional Materials:

(OR) GEOMETRY

Documenting Alignment to the Standards for Mathematical Practice

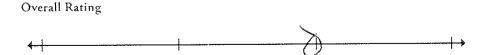
1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

Mathematically proficient students start by explaining to themselves the meaning of a problem and looking for entry points to its solution. They analyze givens, constraints, relationships, and goals. They make conjectures about the form and meaning of the solution and plan a solution pathway rather than simply jumping into a solution attempt. They consider analogous problems, and try special cases and simpler forms of the original problem in order to gain insight into its solution. They monitor and evaluate their progress and change course if necessary. Older students might, depending on the context of the problem, transform algebraic expressions or change the viewing window on their graphing calculator to get the information they need. Mathematically proficient students can explain correspondences between equations, verbal descriptions, tables, and graphs or draw diagrams of important features and relationships, graph data, and search for regularity or trends. Younger students might rely on using concrete objects or pictures to help conceptualize and solve a problem. Mathematically proficient students check their answers to problems using a different method, and they continually ask themselves, "Does this make sense?" They can understand the approaches of others to solving complex problems and identify correspondences between different approaches.

Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), or page(s) reviewed.

Portions of the mathematical practice that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):

Summary/Justification/Evidence



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Title of Instructional Materials:	

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Standards	for A	Nathemati	ical	Practice

2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.

Mathematically proficient students make sense of quantities and their relationships in problem situations. They bring two complementary abilities to bear on problems involving quantitative relationships: the ability to decontextualize—to abstract a given situation and represent it symbolically and manipulate the representing symbols as if they have a life of their own, without necessarily attending to their referents—and the ability to contextualize, to pause as needed during the manipulation process in order to probe into the referents for the symbols involved. Quantitative reasoning entails habits of creating a coherent representation of the problem at hand; considering the units involved; attending to the meaning of quantities, not just how to compute them; and knowing and flexibly using different properties of operations and objects.

Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), or page(s) reviewed.

Portions of the mathematical practice that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):

Summary/Justification/Evidence



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Title of Instructional Materials:			 	

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3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.

Mathematically proficient students understand and use stated assumptions, definitions, and previously established results in constructing arguments. They make conjectures and build a logical progression of statements to explore the truth of their conjectures. They are able to analyze situations by breaking them into cases, and can recognize and use counterexamples. They justify their conclusions, communicate them to others, and respond to the arguments of others. They reason inductively about data, making plausible arguments that take into account the context from which the data arose. Mathematically proficient students are also able to compare the effectiveness of two plausible arguments, distinguish correct logic or reasoning from that which is flawed, and—if there is a flaw in an argument—explain what it is. Elementary students can construct arguments using concrete referents such as objects, drawings, diagrams, and actions. Such arguments can make sense and be correct, even though they are not generalized or made formal until later grades. Later, students learn to determine domains to which an argument applies. Students at all grades can listen or read the arguments of others, decide whether they make sense, and ask useful questions to clarify or improve the arguments.

Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), or page(s) reviewed.

Portions of the mathematical practice that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):

Summary/Justification/Evidence



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Title of Instructional Materials:

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4. Model with mathematics.

Mathematically proficient students can apply the mathematics they know to solve problems arising in everyday life, society, and the workplace. In early grades, this might be as simple as writing an addition equation to describe a situation. In middle grades, a student might apply proportional reasoning to plan a school event or analyze a problem in the community. By high school, a student might use geometry to solve a design problem or use a function to describe how one quantity of interest depends on another. Mathematically proficient students who can apply what they know are comfortable making assumptions and approximations to simplify a complicated situation, realizing that these may need revision later. They are able to identify important quantities in a practical situation and map their relationships using such tools as diagrams, two-way tables, graphs, flowcharts and formulas. They can analyze those relationships mathematically to draw conclusions. They routinely interpret their mathematical results in the context of the situation and reflect on whether the results make sense, possibly improving the model if it has not served its purpose.

Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), or page(s) reviewed.

Portions of the mathematical practice that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):

Summary/Justification/Evidence



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Title of Instructional Materials:	

Documenting Alignment to the Standards for Mathematical Practice

5. Use appropriate tools strategically.

Mathematically proficient students consider the available tools when solving a mathematical problem. These tools might include pencil and paper, concrete models, a ruler, a protractor, a calculator, a spreadsheet, a computer algebra system, a statistical package, or dynamic geometry software. Proficient students are sufficiently familiar with tools appropriate for their grade or course to make sound decisions about when each of these tools might be helpful, recognizing both the insight to be gained and their limitations. For example, mathematically proficient high school students analyze graphs of functions and solutions generated using a graphing calculator. They detect possible errors by strategically using estimation and other mathematical knowledge. When making mathematical models, they know that technology can enable them to visualize the results of varying assumptions, explore consequences, and compare predictions with data. Mathematically proficient students at various grade levels are able to identify relevant external mathematical resources, such as digital content located on a website, and use them to pose or solve problems. They are able to use technological tools to explore and deepen their understanding of concepts.

Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), or page(s) reviewed.

Portions of the mathematical practice that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):

Summary/Justification/Evidence



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6. Attend to precision.

Mathematically proficient students try to communicate precisely to others. They try to use clear definitions in discussion with others and in their own reasoning. They state the meaning of the symbols they choose, including using the equal sign consistently and appropriately. They are careful about specifying units of measure, and labeling axes to clarify the correspondence with quantities in a problem. They calculate accurately and efficiently, express numerical answers with a degree of precision appropriate for the problem context. In the elementary grades, students give carefully formulated explanations to each other. By the time they reach high school they have learned to examine claims and make explicit use of definitions.

Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), or page(s) reviewed.

Portions of the mathematical practice that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):

Summary/Justification/Evidence





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7. Look for and make use of structure.

Mathematically proficient students look closely to discern a pattern or structure. Young students, for example, might notice that three and seven more is the same amount as seven and three more, or they may sort a collection of shapes according to how many sides the shapes have. Later, students will see 7×8 equals the well remembered $7 \times 5 + 7 \times 3$, in preparation for learning about the distributive property. In the expression $x^2 + 9x + 14$, older students can see the 14 as 2×7 and the 9 as 2 + 7. They recognize the significance of an existing line in a geometric figure and can use the strategy of drawing an auxiliary line for solving problems. They also can step back for an overview and shift perspective. They can see complicated things, such as some algebraic expressions, as single objects or as being composed of several objects. For example, they can see $5 - 3(x - y)^2$ as 5 minus a positive number times a square and use that to realize that its value cannot be more than 5 for any real numbers x and y.

Overall Rating

Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), or page(s) reviewed.

Portions of the mathematical practice that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):

Summary/Justification/Evidence



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Documenting Alignment to the Standards for Mathematical Practice

8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

Mathematically proficient students notice if calculations are repeated, and look both for general methods and for shortcuts. Upper elementary students might notice when dividing 25 by 11 that they are repeating the same calculations over and over again, and conclude they have a repeating decimal. By paying attention to the calculation of slope as they repeatedly check whether points are on the line through (1, 2) with slope 3, middle school students might abstract the equation (y-2)/(x-1) = 3. Noticing the regularity in the way terms cancel when expanding (x-1)(x+1), $(x-1)(x^2+x+1)$, and $(x-1)(x^3+x^2+x+1)$ might lead them to the general formula for the sum of a geometric series. As they work to solve a problem, mathematically proficient students maintain oversight of the process, while attending to the details. They continually evaluate the reasonableness of their intermediate results.

Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), or page(s) reviewed.

Portions of the mathematical practice that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):

Summary/Justification/Evidence



The Charles A. Dana Center

Title of Instructional Materials: CORD GEOWETRY

GEOMETRY — GEOMETRY (G)

Experiment with transformations in the plane.	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.				
G-CO.1 Know precise definitions of angle, circle, perpendicular line, parallel line, and	Important Mathematical Ideas	+ 	3	2	-
line segment, based on the undefined notions of point, line, distance along a line, and distance around a circular arc.		Į.	4	٠,	4
	Skills and Procedures	• 	2	.3	-
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed.	Mathematical Relationships	 	2	.3	4
	Summary / Justification / E GOD MI AND CO Portions of the domain, clu	X OF NNEOT			
	developed in the instruction	nal materia	Is (if any):	c moonig or	

Reviewed by.

Title of	Instructiona	l Mai	terials:
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GEOMETRY — GEOMETRY (G)

Experiment with transformations in the plane.	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.				indard are
G-CO.2 Represent transformations in the plane using, e.g., transparencies and geometry software; describe transformations as functions that take	Important Mathematical Ideas	← }	2	4	 + ▶
pints in the plane as inputs and give other points as outputs. Compare ensformations that preserve distance and angle to those that do not (e.g. anslation versus horizontal stretch).	Skills and Procedures	4-+	2	3	
	Mathematical Relationships	4 	2	<u></u>	→ 4
	Summary / Justification / E	Evidence	e		
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed.					
11.1 11.5	Portions of the domain, cludeveloped in the instruction				r not well
	Overall Rating	4	2	3	→ → 4

Title of Instructional Materials:	<u> </u>	

GEOMETRY — GEOMETRY (G)

Experiment with transformations in the plane.	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.					
G-CO.3	Important Mathematical Ideas	4		- 7) -	>	
Given a rectangle, parallelogram, trapezoid, or regular polygon, describe the rotations and reflections that carry it onto itself.	1	1	2		4	
	Skills and Procedures	1	2		 →	
	Mathematical Relationships	4-1	2			
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed.	Summary / Justification / E	Evidence	, BUT E	FFEGIVE	73 >	
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	Overall Rating					

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GEOMETRY — GEOMETRY (G)

Experiment with transformations in the plane.	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and standard met. Cite examples from the materials.				dard are
G-CO.4	Important Mathematical Ideas	4			
Develop definitions of rotations, reflections, and translations in terms of angles, circles, perpendicular lines, parallel lines, and line segments.		1	2	Q.	4
	Skills and Procedures	1	2	3	
	Mathematical Relationships	4 	2	<u></u>	
	Summary / Justification / E	≣vidence			
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed.					
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	Overall Rating	4	2		4

GEOMETRY — GEOMETRY (G)

		ie domain, cids	ster, and stand	aluale
Important Mathematical Ideas	4		Â)	
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Skills and Procedures	1	2	3	
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Title of Instructional Materials: __

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GEOMETRY — GEOMETRY (G)

Understand congruence in terms of rigid motions.	Summary and documentation met. Cite examples from the	on of how the materials.	e domain, clu	ster, and stand	lard are
G-CO.6	Important Mathematical Ideas	4		-1)	 ->
Use geometric descriptions of rigid motions to transform figures and to predict the effect of a given rigid motion on a given figure; given two figures, use the definition of congruence in terms of rigid motions to decide if they are congruent.		1	2	Ÿ	4
Note: Build on rigid motions as a familiar starting point for development of concept of geometric proof.	Skills and Procedures	1	2		4
	Mathematical Relationships	∢ ├ 1	2		
	Summary / Justification / E	vidence			
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed.					
11.1-11.5	Portions of the domain, cludeveloped in the instruction	uster, and st onal materia	andard that a Is (if any):	re missing or r	ot well
	Overall Rating	 	2		4

Title of Instructional Materials:

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${\tt GEOMETRY} \leftarrow {\tt GEOMETRY} \, ({\tt G})$

Understand congruence in terms of rigid motions.	Summary and documentation met. Cite examples from the		e domain, clu	ster, and standa	ard are
G-CO.7 Use the definition of congruence in terms of rigid motions to show that two triangles are congruent if and only if corresponding pairs of sides and corresponding pairs of angles are congruent.	Important Mathematical Ideas	∢ 	2	D	 → 4
Note: Build on rigid motions as a familiar starting point for development of concept of geometric proof.	Skills and Procedures	4 	2	0	4
	Mathematical Relationships	1	2	7	 → 4
	Summary / Justification / E	vidence			
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed.	Portions of the domain, cludeveloped in the instruction			e missing or no	ot well
	Overall Rating	4 	2	0	4

Title of Instructional Materials:

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GEOMETRY — GEOMETRY (G)

Understand congruence in terms of rigid motions.	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and stan met. Cite examples from the materials.			ster, and stand	ard are
G-CO.8 Explain how the criteria for triangle congruence (ASA, SAS, and SSS) follow from the definition of congruence in terms of rigid motions.	Important Mathematical Ideas	1	2	3	4
Note: Build on rigid motions as a familiar starting point for development of concept of geometric proof.	Skills and Procedures	1	2	Ò	}
	Mathematical Relationships	4 	2	3	4
	Summary / Justification / E	vidence			
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed.					
3.4-3-8	Portions of the domain, cludeveloped in the instruction	uster, and sta onal material	andard that ar s (if any):	e missing or n	ot well
	Overall Rating	 	2	3	 +

Title of	Instructional	Materials:
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GEOMETRY — GEOMETRY (G)

Prove geometric theorems.	Summary and documentation met. Cite examples from the	on of how to materials.	he domain, clus	ster, and stand	ard are
G-CO.9 Prove theorems about lines and angles. Theorems include: vertical angles are congruent; when a transversal crosses parallel lines, alternate interior	Important Mathematical Ideas	1	2	P	 →
angles are congruent and corresponding angles are congruent: points on a perpendicular bisector of a line segment are exactly those equidistant from the segment's endpoints. Note: Focus on validity of underlying reasoning while using variety of ways of writing proofs.	Skills and Procedures	4- 	<u> </u>	3	 →
	Mathematical Relationships	4 :	2	<u></u>	——— →
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed. $Q-7-Q-8$	Summary / Justification / E	Evidence TED TODO	UPF. FC) R 3	
	Portions of the domain, cludeveloped in the instruction	uster, and sonal materi	standard that ar als (if any):	re missing or n	ot well
	Overall Rating	4			

Title of	Instructional	Materials:
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GEOMETRY — GEOMETRY (G)

Prove geometric theorems.	Summary and documentation met. Cite examples from the	on of how the materials.	e domain, clus	ster, and stand	ard are
G-CO.10 Prove theorems about triangles. Theorems include: measures of interior angles of a triangle sum to 180°; base angles of isosceles triangles are congruent; the segment joining midpoints of two sides of a triangle is parallel	Important Mathematical Ideas	1	2	3	4
the third side and half the length; the medians of a triangle meet at a point. Ste. Focus on validity of underlying reasoning while using variety of ways of writing proofs.	Skills and Procedures	1	2	- 0,	
	Mathematical Relationships	1	2	- Q	
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed. $3.1-3.8$ $4.2-4.3.7$ 9.1001114777	Summary / Justification / E	vidence			
	Portions of the domain, cli developed in the instruction	uster, and stand and material	andard that ar s (if any):	re missing or n	ot well
	Overall Rating	1	2	4	4

Title of Instructional Materials:

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GEOMETRY — GEOMETRY (G)

Prove geometric theorems.	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.
G-CO.11	Important Mathematical Ideas
Prove theorems about parallelograms. Theorems include: opposite sides are congruent, opposite angles are congruent, the diagonals of a parallelogram bisect each other, and conversely, rectangles are parallelograms with congruent diagonals.	1 2 3 4
Note: Focus on validity of underlying reasoning while using variety of ways of writing proofs.	Skills and Procedures 1 2 3 4
	Mathematical Relationships 1 2 4
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed.	Summary / Justification / Evidence LIMITED PROOF EXERCISES
	Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):
	Overall Rating

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GEOMETRY — GEOMETRY (G)

Make geometric constructions.	Summary and documentati met. Cite examples from the	on of how the e materials.	domain, cl	uster, and stand	dard are
G-CO.12	Important Mathematical Ideas	4			
Make formal geometric constructions with a variety of tools and methods (compass and straightedge, string, reflective devices, paper folding, dynamic geometric software, etc.). Copying a segment; copying an angle: bisecting a segment; bisecting an angle; constructing perpendicular lines, including the perpendicular bisector of a line segment; and constructing a line parallel to a	Skills and Procedures	1	2	<i>Q</i>	4
given line through a point πot on the line. Note: Formalize and explain processes.		1	2	3	4
	Mathematical Relationships	4 } }	2	3	
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed. THROUGHDUT (AUST 1.4)	Summary / Justification / E	Evidence CONDEC	MOKIS	IN MAT	77 (v4)
	Portions of the domain, cl developed in the instruction	uster, and sta onal material	indard that s (if any):	are missing or I	not well
	Overall Rating	1	2		4

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GEOMETRY — GEOMETRY (G)

Make geometric constructions.	Summary and documentation of how the domain, cluster, and standard are met. Cite examples from the materials.	
G-CO.13	Important Mathematical Ideas	
Construct an equilateral triangle, a square, and a regular hexagon inscribed in a circle.	1 2 3 4	
Note: Formalize and explain processes.		
	Skills and Procedures 1 2 3 4	
	Mathematical Relationships 1 2 3 4	
Indicate the chapter(s), section(s), and/or page(s) reviewed.	Summary / Justification / Evidence OBSE 72-VE) (SUPPLEMENT?)	
7	Portions of the domain, cluster, and standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional materials (if any):	
	Overall Rating 1 2 3 4	